ENTRY AND EXIT

4,068 Movements observed

79% Entry  21% Exit

MAIN REASONS FOR TRAVELLING

- Shortage of food: 35%
- Insecurity: 27%
- Uncomfortable living condition: 15%
- To seek livelihood opportunities: 11%
- To join the rest of the family: 5%
- To manage farmland: 3%
- To seek better services: 3%

FAMILY COMPOSITION

- Partial family: 37%
- Whole family: 63%

MODES OF TRANSPORT

- Bus: 72%
- Donkey Cart: 13%
- Truck: 10%
- Foot: 3%
- Other: 1%
- Air: 1%

NEW IDP?

43% Yes / 57% No

IS THE FAMILY COMING BACK?

41% No / 59% Yes

Reading: 41% of the people exiting Dollow were planning to come back. Note: It corresponds to 9% of the total observed movements (entry 79%, exit 21%). The question was asked only to people exiting the town.

SEX AND AGE

- Children (0-4): 13%
- Children (5-17): 17%
- Adults (18-59): 20%
- Elders (60+): 3%

- Children (0-4): 15%
- Children (5-17): 18%
- Adults (18-59): 11%
- Elders (60+): 2%

SPECIFIC NEEDS PRESENT IN THE FAMILY

- Breastfeeding: 50%
- Single parent: 21%
- Pregnant: 12%
- Special protection needs - elderly: 11%
- Physically disabled: 2%
- Malnourished: 2%
- Serious medical condition: 1%
- Unaccompanied minor: 1%

Reading: 50% of the groups interviewed in Dollow present the need of breastfeeding in the family.

IOM’s Movement Trend Tracking is supported by:

FOR MORE INFORMATION

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Dollow MTT Online Dashboard
MAIN FINDINGS

79% of the observed movements were entries to Dollow, whereas 21% were exits. An exceptional number of entries was observed in January 2019 with 1,244 people observed entering. The main reasons for travelling were shortage of food (35%), insecurity (27%) and uncomfortable living condition (15%). 57% of the people were already internally displaced persons. Half of the people on the move presented the specific need of breastfeeding, 21% were single parent and 12% were pregnant women.

METHODOLOGY

Movement Trend Tracking (MTT) is a movement monitoring exercise that tracks people who are moving in or out of sites on a semi-permanent or permanent basis. MTT aims to gauge the pulse of movements in and out of sites in Dollow. MTT figures should not be considered official updates to the population figures of the sites. Rather, the data represents the intentions of IDPs and points towards general trends in their movements. In Dollow, IOM enumerators are positioned at the 2 main IDP sites, Kabasa and Qansaxley, 7 days a week from sunrise to sunset. The teams identify people who are moving in or out of the sites with luggage. Interviews are done with the individual or the head of household. MTT aims to complement existing information management products on displacements and movements in Dollow, by providing site level specific data on population movements on a regular basis, to assist agencies operating in sites and settlements with key information on: demographics of movement, area of origin, area of return/onward movement, reasons for movement and movement trends over time. The data was collected by CCCM (Camp Coordination and Camp Management) unit and DTM (Displacement Tracking Matrix) unit supported the data analysis.

LIMITATION

Data collected for this exercise should be understood as estimations, that are likely underestimations. Indeed, even if the data collection occurs 7 days a week, enumerators are only positioned at the 2 main IDP sites, which is not exhaustive of all entries/exits to Dollow.