MOUMENTS OBSERVED 51,705

- 84% of movements are of Burundian nationals
- 51% of movements have an intended duration of stay of less than a day
- 16% of movements are nationals of the United Republic of Tanzania
- 11% of migrants observed are pregnant women
- 29% of migrants observed are children under 18 years old
- 87% of outgoing migrants are Burundian nationals
- 27% of movements were recorded at the Rusumo flow monitoring point in Muyinga
- 64% of Burundians traveled for economic reasons
- 56% of movements were with small boats at water crossings
- 48% of movements are for economic reasons for less than 6 months

MIGRATION FLOWS

- Outgoing: 25,944
- Incoming: 25,761

- 56% of movements are for economic reasons
- 48% of movements are economic
- 52% of movements are for economic reasons
- 45% of movements are economic
- 55% of movements are for economic reasons
- 45% of movements are economic
- 51% of movements are for economic reasons
- 45% of movements are economic
- 58% of movements are for economic reasons
- 42% of movements are economic
- 51% of movements are for economic reasons
- 44% of movements are economic
- 51% of movements are for economic reasons
- 45% of movements are economic
- 55% of movements are for economic reasons
- 45% of movements are economic

Map 1: Migration flows by flow monitoring point

© IOM Burundi - Reference Map (August 2019)
This map is for illustration purposes only. Names and boundaries on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM. *Does not include all migration routes.
### DEMOGRAPHICS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Male</th>
<th>Female</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Adults &gt; 18 years</td>
<td>55%</td>
<td>45%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Children &lt; 18 years</td>
<td>42%</td>
<td>29%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **29%** Adults > 18 years
- **16%** Children < 18 years

### VULNERABILITIES

- **Pregnant Women**: 11%
- **Children (0-5 years)**: 9%
- **Unaccompanied children**: 5%
- **Elderly (60+)**: 0.3%
- **Persons living with disabilities**: 0.3%

### MEANS OF TRANSPORT

- **56%** Boat
- **35%** On Foot
- **6%** Bicycle
- **3%** Motorbike

### MIGRANTS OBSERVED

- **Rusumo**: 27% (14,063)
- **Kabuyege**: 14% (7,174)
- **Mbundi**: 12% (6,361)
- **Kwa Rutuku**: 12% (6,034)
- **Kwa Elidadi**: 10% (5,092)
- **Kwa Ntunaguzi**: 10% (5,063)
- **Nashaza**: 9% (4,774)
- **Mukambati**: 6% (3,144)

### BURUNDI - TANZANIA BORDER FLOWS*

- **Origin**
  - Kagera
  - Kigoma
  - Muyinga
  - Ruyigi
  - Rutana
  - Cankuzo

- **Destination**
  - Rusumo
  - Kabuyege
  - Mbundi
  - Kwa Rutuku
  - Kwa Elidadi
  - Kwa Ntunaguzi
  - Nashaza
  - Mukambati

- **FMP**
  - Burundi Locations
  - United Republic of Tanzania Locations
**TYPE OF FLOWS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of flows *</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Outflow</th>
<th>Inflow</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Economic migration (Daily movements)</td>
<td>31%</td>
<td>47%</td>
<td>14%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Economic migration (&lt; 6 months)</td>
<td>17%</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>22%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return to habitual residence</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>4%</td>
<td>16%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seasonal migration</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Family visits</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goods purchasing</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Economic migration (&gt; 6 months)</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tourism</td>
<td>4%</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Travel to collect aid</td>
<td>4%</td>
<td>4%</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Economic migration (Unknown duration of stay)</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>1%</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health care</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>1%</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>1%</td>
<td>1%</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Economic migration*: Migratory movements for which the motive is the search of economic opportunities.

*Return to habitual residence*: Movements of migrants returning home after a voluntary trip.

*Seasonal migration*: Migration due to changes in the climate.

*Family visits*: Movements of migrants to visit family or participate in social events and whose duration of stay does not exceed 3 months.

*Goods purchasing*: Movements of migrants to buy consumer goods.

*Tourism*: Migration to visit touristic sites.

*Travel to collect aid*: Movements of migrants who do not reside in the camps but go in case of a distribution to receive food and other non-food items.

*Health care*: Migration for basic or specialized health care.

*Other*: Movement for other reasons.

In June 2019, the majority (56%) of observed movements were for economic reasons. 47% of migrants went to Tanzania for a short period of time (daily movements) in search for agricultural work opportunities. Many Burundians spend the day doing field work and return at the end of the day.

Outgoing movements exceeded incoming movements for the majority (31%) of daily economic migration. However, incoming movements (37%) exceeded outgoing (14%) for all other economic migration. Burundians returning from Tanzania to harvest their crops in Burundi justify the superior incoming movements.

For those migrating seasonally, incoming and outgoing accounted for 13% and 6% of these movements respectively. From Burundi and Tanzania, migrants left their residences for seasonal work.

50% of movements observed at Kwa Eldadadi were return movements to an habitual residence. The vast majority of migrants (76%) passing through this transit point consisted of Burundians returning to their place of origin, and Tanzanians (24%) returning after visiting Burundi.

**INTENDED DURATION OF STAY**

![Intended Duration of Stay Chart]

Data collection is carried out at 8 Flow Monitoring Points (FMPs) located at unofficial Points of Entry (POEs) in the provinces of Cankuzo and Muyinga since October 2018 and in the Provinces of Rutana and Ruyigi since November 2018. The movements are observed and recorded 7 days per week (from 6 am to 6 pm) at Flow Monitoring Points and enumerators conduct interviews with migrants to collect information on migration flows. Data in this report covers the period between June 1 and 30, 2019. Short-term movements for market visits are not considered during observations.

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