

COVID-19 IMPACT IN LIBYA

Quarterly Snapshot April -May 2021

COVID-19 STATUS

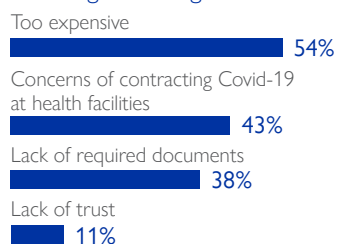
Source: National Center for Disease Control (NCDC), 31 May 2021



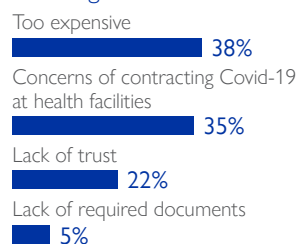
HEALTH

Main challenges reported related to access to health facilities:

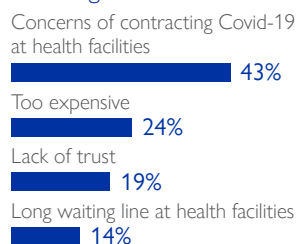
Challenges for Migrants



Challenges for IDPs



Challenges for Host Community

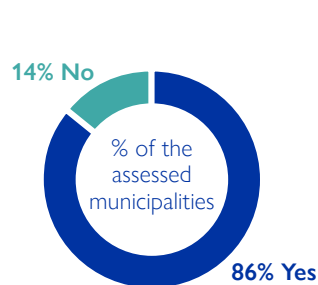


Covid-19 Vaccine Update

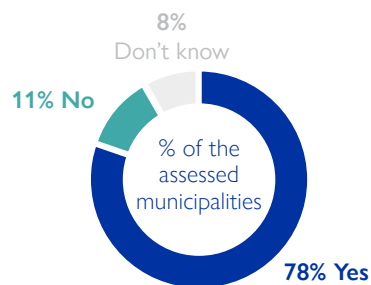
During the reporting period, 243,806 doses have been given (1.9% of the Libyan population) through 430 health facilities across the country.

Source: National Center for Disease Control (NCDC)

Is there a demand from people to take the vaccine?



Is there prioritization for vulnerable groups?

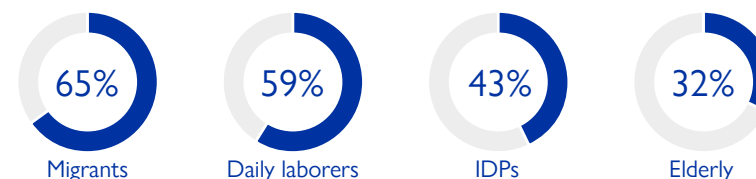


MOBILITY RESTRICTIONS

Since the beginning of COVID-19 vaccination programme in Libya on 17 April 2021, restrictions on mobility to curb the spread of COVID-19 have been significantly relaxed. During the assessment period no movement restrictions were reported.

COVID-19 SOCIO-ECONOMIC IMPACT

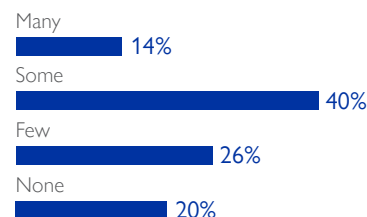
65% of the interviewed key informants reported that migrants were the most vulnerable group affected by the Socio-economic impact of COVID-19 pandemic as shown below:



Consequences of Covid-19



People who lost their jobs due to Covid-19 crisis



*Data obtained through interviews carried out in 37 municipalities across Libya between 01 April and 31 May 2021 through 102 Key Informant Interviews (KIIs).

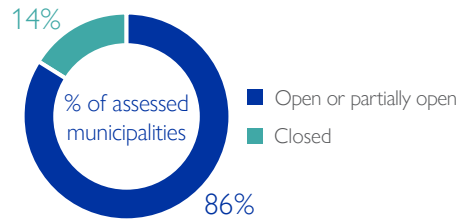
COVID-19 IMPACT IN LIBYA

Quarterly Snapshot **January - March 2021**

EDUCATION

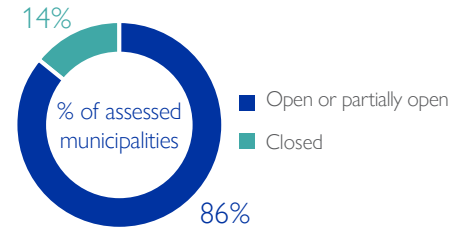
Public Schools Status

(Primary, secondary and high schools)

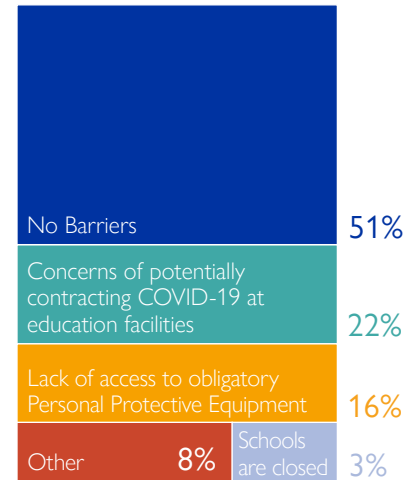


Private Schools Status

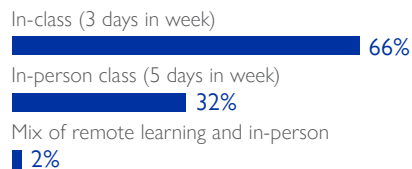
(Primary, secondary and high schools)



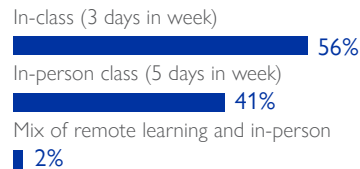
Main challenges reported related to access to education facilities:



Education Method

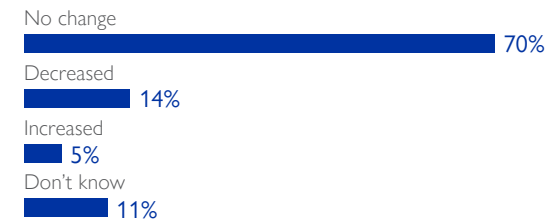


Education Method



SECURITY & INCIDENTS

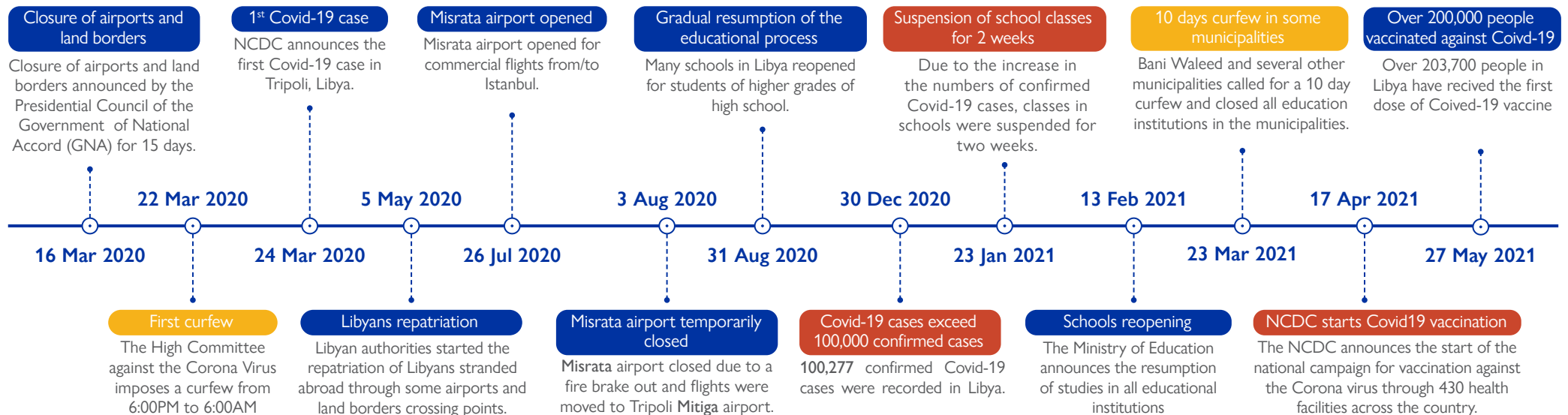
Change in the level of security incidents



Change in the level of violence



COVID-19 TIMELINE



*Data obtained through interviews carried out in 37 municipalities across Libya between 01 April and 31 May 2021 through 102 Key Informant Interviews (KIIs).