In October 2021, a total of 14,227 movements were observed across four of Ethiopia's flow monitoring points (FMPs). It should be noted that data collection at Humera and Galafi Flow Monitoring Points in Tigray and Afar regions respectively did not take place due to security and access constraints, thus affecting the total number of movements for the month. This represents a 34.2% decrease in daily average movements in comparison with September 2021 when an average of 697 movements per day were observed.

Despite the decrease in movements this month, outgoing movements during October have continued to be higher than ever (87.9%) than incoming movements (12.1%). The proportion of outgoing versus incoming movements has continued to decline by more than 86.0% (from 2,429 to 339) for the fourth month in a row after a steady increase since the outbreak of the Northern Ethiopia Crisis between November 2020 and June 2021.

The number of incoming movements from Sudan into Ethiopia has continued to climb even above the October 2021 level of 317 (1.9%) to 371 (2.6%). The proportion of incoming movements to Sudanese nationals has increased from 88.2% to 90.5%.

Almost all of these were Ethiopian nationals who were likely returning home. The number of incoming movements from Sudan into Ethiopia has continued to decline by more than 86.0% (from 2,429 to 339) for the fourth month in a row after a steady increase since the outbreak of the Northern Ethiopia Crisis between November 2020 and June 2021.

The nationalities of people on the move have varied, with the vast majority being Ethiopian nationals. The top countries of origin for Ethiopian nationals are as follows:

- **717 (41.6%)** had originated from Kenya, while 474 (27.5%) came from Uganda.
- **231 (12.1%)** movements from South Sudan.
- **193 (10.4%)** movements from the United Arab Emirates, and 439 (3.5%) headed to Qatar.
- **2,702 (34.8%)** were heading towards the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.
- **1,154 (20.1%)** movements to the United Kingdom.
- **64 (1.2%)** movements to South Africa.

Forced movement due to conflict is the primary reason for movement, accounting for 94.0% of total movements. Economic reasons make up 5.9% of total movements, and seasonal migration (cattle, farming, harvesting) accounts for 0.1% of total movements.

*Data selected at Humera Flow Monitoring Point in Tigray region and Galafi Flow Monitoring Point in Afar region could not be included due to security and access constraints since October 2020 and October 2021, respectively.